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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/603,397	06/25/2003	James A. Peterson	2992.10US04	4852
24113	7590 06/14/200	5	EXAM	INER
	ON, THUENTE, SK.	MENDOZA, I	MENDOZA, MICHAEL G	
4800 IDS CENTER			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
80 SOUTH 8TH STREET			AKI ONII	TALER NOMBER
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-2100			3731	

DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/603,397	PETERSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael G. Mendoza	3731				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statue Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 March 2005</u> .						
,	is action is non-final.	·				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 10-12 is/are pending in the applicati 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdres 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 10-12 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.	· .				
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) dojected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure.  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary					
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/15/2005.</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Allowable Subject Matter

1. The indicated allowability of claims 10-12 are withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Morita JP 06233772. Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

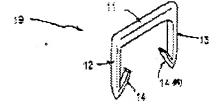
## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morita.
- 4. Morita teaches a dynamic staple comprising: a staple body including a pair of staple arms operable joined at a shoulder portion by a backspan, each arm further including an elbow portion having an inwardly projecting cleat, the staple arms, the inwardly projecting cleats and the backspan defining an internal tissue capture zone; and each shoulder portion including an interior shoulder angle generally defined by the backspna and the staple arm, the shoulder portion constructed so that the interior shoulder angle is between 70-100 degrees in a first position; and wherein the staple is capable of transitioning between 120-180 degree in a second position when enough force is applied to pull the arms apart. It should be noted that Morita fails to teach that the staple is bioabsorable. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in

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the art at the time the invention was made to make the staple of a bioabsorbable material, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitbability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416. Also it is common knowledge to those of ordinary skill in the art to choose a material that has sufficient strength for the intended use of that material. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use a bioabsorbable material for the staple when being used with a living subject to eliminate removal of the staple. Furthermore, it is well known in the art of surgical staples and clips to use a bioabsorbable staple as evidenced by US Patents 4932960, 4994073, 5089009, 5456400.

- 5. As to claim 11, Morita teaches the staple of claim 10, wherein each elbow portion includes an interior elbow angle generally defined by the staple arm and the clear, the elbow portion constructed so that the interior elbow angle is less than 70 degrees and is capable of transitioning to a maximum of 90 degrees when enough force is applied to pull the cleat away from the arm.
- As to claim 12, Morita teaches the staple of claim 10. The staple is capable having the force applied to transition form one angle to the next at any time including the limitation of not less then 12 hours.



#### Contacts

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael G. Mendoza whose telephone number is (571) 272-4698. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anh Tuan Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-44963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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